

I. Amendments to the Specification

Please replace the specification with the following. A clean version of the amended specification is enclosed as Attachment A.

~~Self locking belt roller~~

~~Description~~

SELF-LOCKING SEAT BELT RETRACTOR

CROSS REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

[0001] This application claims priority to German patent application number 103 44 435.1, filed September 25, 2003 and PCT/EP2004/009767, filed September 2, 2004.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The invention relates to a self-locking seat belt roller retractor with a vehicle-sensitive and/or belt strap sensitive actuatable blocking device for the ~~belt shaft belt spool~~. ~~with~~ The retractor spool includes a profile head as a carrier of a locking member for locking of the belt spool shaft which is arranged so as to be movable in relation to the retractor housing and with a force limiting device in the form of a torsion bar which is connected at its one end with the belt spool shaft ~~so as to be torque proof~~ and at its other end with the profile head ~~so as to be torque proof~~.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0003] A belt ~~roller~~ retractor with the above characteristics is described in DE 196 81 341 C1. ~~In so far as~~ Since it is necessary to couple the belt spool shaft and the profile head during normal winding up and ~~out~~ out, and also during normal belt ~~blocking~~ locking, two shear pins are arranged on the side of the belt spool shaft which faces the profile head, which engage with corresponding ~~bearings~~ apertures in the profile head and which are riveted to the profile head during assembly, so that belt spool shaft and profile head are held together as one assembly ~~during further assembly processes~~. If a correspondingly great tensile force is exercised exerted on the belt in the direction in which the belt is pulled out following ~~blocking~~ locking of the belt shaft ~~instigated~~ initiated by the belt/strap/sensitive or vehicle/sensitive control system, for example because of a vehicle ~~occupant falling into the belt during an accident~~ collision, the shear pins break off, and the belt spool shaft can afterwards be rotated relative to the ~~blocked~~ locked profile head in the direction in which the belt is being pulled ~~out~~. This relative rotation is taken up by the torsion bar which comes into play between the belt spool shaft and profile head, which ~~achieves~~ provides the desired force limitation based on the ~~form-changing work~~ torsional deflection of the torsion bar.

[0004] The known belt roller is associated with the disadvantage that manufacture of the shear pin connection is costly and time-intensive, because the shear pins which engage in the recesses of the profile head are riveted to the profile head, whereby ~~correspondingly~~ and high demands are placed on the precision of the connection and its fit of these components. The force peak which occurs as a result of the shearing off of the shear pins immediately before the force limitation takes effect is difficult to define or to set, and finally, following shearing ~~off~~ of the shear

pins, axial forces ~~can no~~ are no longer ~~be transferred~~ restrained, whereby the torsion bar elongates in the axial direction when subject to torque due to plastic deformation and drives belt spool shaft and profile head axially ~~apart in axial direction~~, which is not desirable ~~and disadvantageous~~.

[0005] The ~~An object of this~~ invention is ~~therefore based on the task of improving~~ to improve the connection between belt spool shaft and profile head in a self-locking belt roller of the type previously ~~described at the beginning of this document with regard to its manufacture and function.~~

~~— The solution to this task, including advantageous forms and further developments of the invention, results from the content of the patent claims which follow this description.~~

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] The basic concept on which ~~the~~ this invention is based provides that at least one projection which is located on one of the retractor components connected with one another and which projects in axial direction engages in at least one recess provided in the front side of the other ~~component~~ component, and that a clamping ring is located in the annular space formed between the projection and the inner walls of the recess and clamps between the projection and the inner walls of the recess.

[0007] The One advantage is associated with the invention is that during assembly of belt spool shaft and profile head into the desired spool subassembly, it is only necessary to put the spool belt shaft, clamping ring and profile head together, whereby clamping of the belt spool shaft and profile head takes place by means of the ~~putting together~~ assembly process and the axial force which can ~~then~~ be

transferred is greater than the joining force which has to be applied during assembly. Connection of the belt spool shaft and profile head ~~basically already~~ takes place above the torsion bar. However, the provision of the clamping ring also means that the force peak which occurs because of coupling of the belt spool shaft and profile head using shear pins as described in the state of the art no longer takes place and the force limiting system reacts more ~~softly~~ gradually, whereby it may occur that an additional force limiting level is also created by means of the clamping ring in the course of belt force limitation. A further advantage of ~~the~~ this invention consists in the fact that the connection by means of the clamping ring also transfers axial forces during force limitation, so that any elongation of the torsion bar no longer has the ~~disadvantageous consequences~~ disadvantages described above.

[0008] According to an embodiment of the invention, it is intended that the clamping ring can be pushed onto the projection and that the external diameter of the clamping ring is larger than the internal diameter of the recess.

[0009] In order to make assembly of the spool subassembly simpler, according to one embodiment of the invention ~~it can be provided that~~, the protection is can be provided on its front side with a step for accommodation of the clamping ring. This means that ~~on the one hand~~ the clamping ring is pre-fixed on the projection of the profile head, so that the subassembly which has been pre-assembled to this extent is more easily handled during final assembly of the belt spool-roller, ~~and on the other hand~~ Furthermore, the clamping ring cannot escape while the clamping ring is being pushed into the allocated recess, but remains fixed ~~as regards its~~ fixed in position.

[0010] Alternatively it can be provided that the clamping ring can be laid into the recess and that the internal diameter of the clamping ring is smaller than the diameter of the projection.

[0011] ~~In so far as one~~ A described embodiment of the invention provides that the clamping ring is in the form of a flat disc, further embodiments can provide for the clamping ring being in the form of a closed ring or alternatively as an open ring exhibiting a gap.

[0012] According to one embodiment of the invention, it is also useful to form the clamping ring as a spiral, as this spiral form has the advantage that based on the relative rotation of belt spool shaft and profile head during ~~the~~ force limitation, the clamping ring can create a return force in the same way as a thread and works contrary to the axial displacement of the belt shaft in relation to the profile head which has already been discussed.

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0013] Embodiments of the invention are shown in the drawings, which are described below.

[0014] The drawings are as follows:

[0015] Fig. 1. A illustrates a spool subassembly consisting of belt spool shaft and profile head as a component of a self-locking belt ~~roller~~ retractor in an overall view,

[0016] Fig. 2 A is a partial schematic view of the components of the belt retractor during the joining process,

[0017] Fig. 3 ~~The object of~~ is a view similar to of Figure 2 during axial loading,

[0018] Fig. 3a ~~The object~~ shows a design similar to those shown by of Figure 2 or Figure 3 in Figures 2 or 3 of a different embodiment before joining assembly,

[0019] Fig. 4 ~~An~~ is an individual view of a clamping ring,

[0020] Fig. 5 ~~The~~ shows the clamping ring according to Figure 4 in a different embodiment,

[0021] Fig. 6 ~~The object~~ shows a design similar to that of Figure 2 with a clamping ring subject to further variation.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

[0022] In so far as the object of the invention is a self-locking belt roller, an overall view of the object can be found in DE 196 81 341 C1 which is incorporated herein by reference, on which the generic description of the object of the invention is based. As only the spool subassembly 9 consisting of belt spool shaft and profile head is necessary for understanding of the present invention, in Fig. 1 the belt spool shaft is designated with by reference number 10 and a profile head to be coupled to the belt shaft is designated with by 11. Belt spool shaft 10 and profile head 11 are coupled by means of a torsion bar 12, whereby torsion bar 12 is linked ~~torque proof~~ manner torsionally with belt spool shaft 10 with its left end shown in Figure 1 and with its right end shown in Figure 1 is connected in a torque proof transferring manner with profile head 11, for which purpose profile head 11 exhibits an accommodation opening 22 which is formed to as to correspond to the end of torsion bar 12. Profile head 11 extends with an axial projection 14 starting from the profile head ~~and forming accommodation~~ which forms accommodating opening 22. Axial projection 14 fits into a recess 20 (Fig. 2) of belt spool shaft 10. Joining of belt spool

shaft 10 and profile head 11 occurs by adding a clamping ring 16, which will be explained further below.

[0023] Fixing of projection 14 of profile head 11 ~~in-allocated into~~ into recess 20 of belt shaft 10 is shown diagrammatically in Figures 2, 3 and 6. This is achieved by inserting a clamping ring 16 into the annular ~~space~~ space 15 formed between projection 14 and inner walls 21 of recess 20. In Figures 2 and 3 there is only a schematic representation of how clamping ring 16 behaves during assembly in the insertion direction (Arrow 25), and how when pulled in the opposite direction (Arrow 26), clamping ring 16 positions itself and clamps between projection 14 and inner walls 21 of recess 20 and prevents projection 14 of profile head 11 from slipping out of recess 20 of belt spool shaft 10. Such loading in the pull direction (Arrow 26) can for example occur during handling of the ~~subassembly~~ subassembly 9 consisting of belt spool shaft 10 and profile head 11 during further assembly steps of the belt ~~roller~~ retainer or also during ~~the~~ force limitation operation. In Figure 3a, an embodiment is shown in which projection 14 of profile head 11 is additionally provided with a pilot projection or step 30 on the front side, onto which clamping ring 16 is placed. This means that clamping ring 16 is fixed in advance to projection 14 for final assembly of the belt-~~roller~~ retractor.

[0024] As can be seen from Figures 4 and 5, the clamping ring ring 16 can be designed as a closed clamping ring 16 in the form of a flat ~~disc~~ disc, or ~~—again as a flat disc—~~ as an a flat disc open clamping ring 17 which exhibits a gap 18.

[0025] As can finally be seen ~~from~~ with reference to Figure 6, a clamping ring 19 in a further embodiment can exhibit a spiral form, so that during the relative movement of belt spool shaft 10 and profile head 11 which occurs during force

limitation, the clamping ring creates a return force in axial direction in the same way as a thread.

[0026] Instead of the form described in the embodiment, alternatively a step could be formed on the front side of the belt spool shaft 10 which engages in a corresponding ring-shaped recess of profile head 11.

[0027] The characteristics of the object of these documents which are described in the above description, the patent claims, the summary and the drawing can be of fundamental significance for the realisation of the invention in its various embodiments both individually and in any desired combinations with each other.

[0028]. It is within the scope of this invention to form axial projection 14 from belt spool shaft 10, with the recess 20 being formed by profile head 11.

[0029] Clamping rings 16, 17, and 19 have a radial extent such that they engage both the axial projection 14 and inner wall 21 of the recess 20. Due to the deflection of rings 16, 17, and 19 as they are forced into annular space 15, they frictionally engage both of the components defining the annular gap. This engagement allows torque to be transferred between the parts, limited by the frictional engagement of the clamping rings 16, 17, and 19. This engagement also has the effect of mounting belt spool shaft 10 and profile head 11 in an assembled state, and allows limited axial forces to be transferred between the components.

[0030] While the above description constitutes the preferred embodiment of the present invention, it will be appreciated that the invention is susceptible to modification, variation, and change without departing from the proper scope and fair meaning of the accompanying claims.